Year 4 – E-Safety

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| Prior Learning: online and offline, SMART rules, what a web browser is, email is a good form of communication, how to use a search engine to find a picture, personal information should be kept private from strangers online |

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| Facts | Vocabulary |
| 1. **What is a digital citizen?**
* Being a **digital citizen means** you are a part of the group of people that use technology to communicate.
* There are rules that you need to follow when you are **digital citizen**, to protect yourself and to protect others:
* **Respect yourself and others online**
* **Stay safe online**
* **Carefully manage your digital footprint**
* **Protect private information for yourself and others**
* **Balance the time you spend online and using media**
 | 1. Citizen - an inhabitant of a particular town or city.
2. Restrictions – a limiting condition or measure, especially a legal one.
3. Manipulative - exercising unscrupulous control or influence over a person or situation.
4. Malicious - characterized by malice; intending or intended to do harm.

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| 1. **What restrictions are in place on social media?**
* Social media is website and applications that enable users to create and share content or to participate in social networking.
* Nearly all social media services require their users to be at least 13 years of age to access and use their services. This includes:
* Facebook
* Snapchat
* TikTok
* Instagram
 | 1. **Why are restrictions in place on social media?**
* These restrictions are in place to protect users and should be adhered to.
* They can help to protect you, others and your personal information.
* Most popular social media services don’t allow anyone under 13 to join.
* Even so, lots of younger children manage to set up accounts.
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| 1. **Fake News**
* Fake news is news or stories on the internet that are not true. There are two types of fake news, disinformation, and misinformation.
* Disinformation is false information that’s created and shared to deliberately cause harm.
* Misinformation is generally used to refer to misleading information created or disseminated without manipulative or malicious intent.
 | 1. **Cyberbullying**
* Cyberbullying is when a child is tormented, threatened, harassed, embarrassed or targeted by another child using the internet, interactive and digital technologies or mobile phones.
* If you feel you are the victim of cyberbullying or someone you know is, speak to a trusted adult.
* The NSPCC - Providing Vital Help, Advice and Support for Children, Parents  and Carers - Active DevonYou can also call Child line or the NSPCC (National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children).

Childline - Wikipedia |