Year 4 – E-Safety

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| Prior Learning: online and offline, SMART rules, what a web browser is, email is a good form of communication, how to use a search engine to find a picture, personal information should be kept private from strangers online |

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| Facts | Vocabulary |
| 1. **What is a digital citizen?**  * Being a **digital citizen means** you are a part of the group of people that use technology to communicate. * There are rules that you need to follow when you are **digital citizen**, to protect yourself and to protect others: * **Respect yourself and others online** * **Stay safe online** * **Carefully manage your digital footprint** * **Protect private information for yourself and others** * **Balance the time you spend online and using media** | 1. Citizen - an inhabitant of a particular town or city. 2. Restrictions – a limiting condition or measure, especially a legal one. 3. Manipulative - exercising unscrupulous control or influence over a person or situation. 4. Malicious - characterized by malice; intending or intended to do harm. |
| 1. **What restrictions are in place on social media?**  * Social media is website and applications that enable users to create and share content or to participate in social networking. * Nearly all social media services require their users to be at least 13 years of age to access and use their services. This includes: * Facebook * Snapchat * TikTok * Instagram | 1. **Why are restrictions in place on social media?**  * These restrictions are in place to protect users and should be adhered to. * They can help to protect you, others and your personal information. * Most popular social media services don’t allow anyone under 13 to join. * Even so, lots of younger children manage to set up accounts. |
| 1. **Fake News**  * Fake news is news or stories on the internet that are not true. There are two types of fake news, disinformation, and misinformation. * Disinformation is false information that’s created and shared to deliberately cause harm. * Misinformation is generally used to refer to misleading information created or disseminated without manipulative or malicious intent. | 1. **Cyberbullying**  * Cyberbullying is when a child is tormented, threatened, harassed, embarrassed or targeted by another child using the internet, interactive and digital technologies or mobile phones. * If you feel you are the victim of cyberbullying or someone you know is, speak to a trusted adult. * The NSPCC - Providing Vital Help, Advice and Support for Children, Parents  and Carers - Active DevonYou can also call Child line or the NSPCC (National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children).   Childline - Wikipedia |